

2023**HISTORY***Full Marks : 100**Time : 3 hours**General Instructions :*

- (i) Write all the answers in the Answer Script.
- (ii) Attempt Part — A Objective Questions serially.
- (iii) Attempt all parts of questions together at one place.

(PART : A — OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

SECTION —I

(Marks : 30)

1. Choose the correct answer (**any twenty**) : $1 \times 20 = 20$

(a) The Hadza people are an ethnic group in

- (i) South West Asia
- (ii) Central Tanzania
- (iii) Central Asia

(b) The last Ice Age came to an end about

- (i) 10,000 years ago
- (ii) 12,000 years ago
- (iii) 13,000 years ago.

(c) The Akkad ruler, Sargon established a new capital for his kingdom in the city of

- (i) Agade
- (ii) Assur
- (iii) Nippur.

(d) The script evolved by the Sumerians is known as

- (i) Persian script
- (ii) Cuneiform script
- (iii) Roman script.

(e) Contemporary histories of Roman Empire are called

- (i) Annals
- (ii) Manuscripts
- (iii) Chronicles

(f) The Roman Emperor who transformed the entire character of the Roman state was

- (i) Julius Caesar
- (ii) Tiberius
- (iii) Augustus Caesar.

- (g) Khalifa literally means
- (i) King
 - (ii) Deputy or successor
 - (iii) Army Chief.
- (h) Who was known as the real builder of the Arab Empire?
- (i) Abu Bakr
 - (ii) Umar
 - (iii) Usman
- (i) Who breached the “Great Wall of China”?
- (i) Qara Khan
 - (ii) Kublai Khan
 - (iii) Genghis Khan
- (j) The code of law promulgated by Genghis Khan was called
- (i) Yam
 - (ii) Yasa
 - (iii) Ulus

- (k) The feudal structure was based on hierarchy of rights regarding the
- (i) Land
 - (ii) Gold
 - (iii) Silver.
- (l) In the feudal society the hierarchical chain consisted of
- (i) Lord and Vassal
 - (ii) Priest and Vassal
 - (iii) King and Priest.
- (m) Knowledge is gained by means of observation and experiment. This was defined by
- (i) Isaac Newton
 - (ii) Francis Bacon
 - (iii) Niccolo Machiavelli.
- (n) The greatest work of Raphael is the portrait of
- (i) ‘Madonna’
 - (ii) ‘Monalisa’
 - (iii) ‘Last Supper’

(5)

- (o) The Arawaks were the inhabitants of a group islands in the
- (i) Arabian Sea
 - (ii) Caribbean Sea
 - (iii) Dead Sea.
- (p) The term which describes that colonies should exist for the benefit of the mother country is known as
- (i) Capitalism
 - (ii) Colonialism
 - (iii) Mercantalism.
- (q) Who said these words, “The old nations creep at a snail’s pace; but “the Republic thunders on at the speed of an express”.
- (i) Andrew Jackson
 - (ii) John Marshall
 - (iii) Andrew Carnegie
- (r) The Aborigines were given voting-rights in the year
- (i) 1967
 - (ii) 1968
 - (iii) 1969

(6)

- (s) The first iron bridge of the world was built in 1779 in
- (i) Manchester
 - (ii) Birmingham
 - (iii) Coalbrookdale.
- (t) The Miner’s Friend was invented in 1698 by
- (i) James Watt
 - (ii) Thomas Savery
 - (iii) Thompson Newcomen
- (u) The members of British Parliament were opposed to
- (i) Right to criticize the government
 - (ii) Right to vote
 - (iii) Right to form association.
- (v) The warrior class in Japan were known as
- (i) Shogun
 - (ii) Daimyo
 - (iii) Samurai.

(7)

(w) The first nation in the world to enact some of the strictest environmental controls

(i) Japan

(ii) China

(iii) England

(x) At the end of 1965, Mao started a new movement called

(i) Long March

(ii) New Democracy

(iii) Cultural Revolution.

(y) Deng Xiaoping introduced a socialist market economy with a strong party control and he called it

(i) Four Modernizations

(ii) Five Modernizations

(iii) Six Modernizations

2. State whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False' (**any ten**). $1 \times 10 = 10$

(a) Fossils can be dated through direct chemical analysis.

(b) Increase in brain size occurred between four and five million years ago.

(8)

(c) In Mesopotamia the temple was the nucleus around which the city developed.

(d) The denarius was a Greek silver coin.

(e) In the late Republican Period, the Roman Empire was flooded with cheap slave labour.

(f) Development of Jerusalem received a fresh stimulus when it became a religious centre for the Christians in 690s.

(g) The Mongols did not have a written script.

(h) A modified type of spade was introduced called Bipalium.

(i) The ideology which emphasized temporal outlook rather than spiritual was called humanism.

(j) Leonardo built the St Peter's Cathedral in Rome.

(k) The Aztec society depended on trade.

(l) The Passamaquoddy tribe is one of the native American tribes that can be found in New Brunswick, Canada.

(m) Flying shuttle loom speeded up cloth-weaving.

(n) According to Arnold Toynbee, the Industrial Revolution was a sudden change.

(o) Mao Zedong fled to Taiwan in 1949 and established the Republic of China.

(9)

SECTION – II

(Marks : 20)

3. Answer **any ten** questions in 2 or 3 sentences.

2 x 10 = 20

- (a) Define Geology.
- (b) What are *Homo sapiens*?
- (c) What are Mesopotamian seals?
- (d) What is an Imperium?
- (e) Who was Abd-al-Malik?
- (f) What is a Noria?
- (g) What was the qubcur tax?
- (h) Define the term 'Serfs'.
- (i) Write about the revival of Classical Learning.
- (j) Who was Johannes Gutenberg?
- (k) Write about the Aztec Calendar stone.
- (l) What was the Trail of Tears?
- (m) Mention any three inventions in the textile industry which symbolised British Industrialisation.

(10)

(n) Who were the shoguns?

(o) What was Mao Zedong's strategy of Revolution.

(PART : B — DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer question No. 8 and **any 3** from the rest.

- 1. What modes of communication did the early humans develop? 12
- 2. Describe the roles played by temples in Mesopotamian society. 12
- 3. Explain the Economic Expansion in the Roman Empire. 12
- 4. Highlight the social, political and military organisation of the Mongols that transformed them into an extremely effective force. 12
- 5. Who was Christopher Columbus and how he managed his voyage of discovery? 2 + 10 = 12
- 6. Specify the features of the perceptions of the Europeans and the natives of North America about each other. 12

7. Define the term Industrial Revolution. Why did it first start in England? $2 + 10 = 12$
8. Write short notes on **any two** of the following : $7 \times 2 = 14$
- (a) Language and Literature in the Islamic Society.
 - (b) The Black Death.
 - (c) Humanism in Education.
 - (d) Mayan Civilization.
 - (e) Effects of the Industrial Revolution on women and children.
 - (f) Peculiar features of Japanese Industry.
 - (g) Long March.

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